

LATEST INTELLIGENCE

By Telegraph to the New-York Daily Times.

FURTHER BY THE CANADA.

Confirmation of the Defeat of Rosas.

DETAILS OF THE BATTLE.

Loss of an Austrian War Steamer, with a Large Number of Lives.

Boston, Wednesday, March 31.

The R. M. steamship *Canada* reached her dock at East Boston at 3 o'clock this afternoon. Her mails left for the South by the 5 o'clock train.

Accounts from Buenos Ayres to the 3d February, by way of England, confirm the previous accounts of the downfall of Rosas. On that day a desperate battle was fought between Merio and Passo Del Rey, which terminated in the defeat of the Buenos Ayres troops. It is said that 4,000 men were killed and wounded in this engagement; and that the Holstein cavalry in the Brazilian service literally rode over the much vaunted cavalry of the Dictator of the Argentine Republic, who was present during the action and received a wound in the hand. General Pacheco commanded the Buenos Ayres troops, and is reported to have been slain.

During the night of the 3d, Urquiza slept at the country residence of Rosas, at Palermo, and took up his residence there, previous to marching upon Buenos Ayres.

Rosas, with his daughter, Manuclita, and several of his suite, escaped on board H. B. Majesty's ship *Locust*. He was disguised as a marine, and his daughter as a sailor boy. They were afterwards transferred to Her Majesty's ship *Centaur* at Buenos Ayres. That city was commanded by General Mancilla, who offered to capitulate.

The diplomatic agents of the various foreign powers had gone to arrange matters amicably if possible.

Urquiza's army commenced the passage of the river Parana on the 23d December, and completed it on the 8th January. The army comprised 28,000 men, 5,000 horses, and 40 pieces of artillery, with the necessary baggage.

Mr. Payne, master of Her Majesty's ship *Locust*, who rode out to view the fight, was met by some guacos retreating, who demanded his horse, and on his refusing to give it up, they took it from him, and wounded him so severely that he died in consequence.

Mr. Robert C. Sherer, U. S. Minister, had arrived at Montevideo.

The naval commanders of the different nations were about to land forces in Buenos Ayres, to protect the persons and property of the foreign inhabitants.

The battle is stated to have lasted from 6 in the morning till 12 at noon.

The cavalry of Rosas were routed early in the battle, but the Infantry made a desperate stand—hence the great loss of life.

Business was at a standstill at Buenos Ayres—the highest price of Doubloons was 306.

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